

BYLAW NO. 2/1982

A BYLAW TO ESTABLISH AND REGULATE A SCAVENGING SYSTEM FOR THE PROPER COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF GARBAGE.

The Council of the Village of Leask in the Province of Saskatchewan enacts as follows:

1. In this bylaw unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (a) "Garbage" means putrescible animal and vegetable wastes resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking, and consumption of food;
 - (b) "Putrescible" means capable of becoming putrid;
 - (c) "Refuse" means all putrescible and nonputrescible wastes (except human excrement), including garbage, rubbish, street cleanings, dead animals, yard clippings and market and industrial wastes but does not include liquid waste;
 - (d) "Rubbish" means putrescible wastes, consisting of both combustible and non-combustible wastes, such as paper, cardboard, abandoned automobiles, tin cans, wood, glass, bedding, crockery and comparable materials.
 - (e) "Solid Waste" means refuse and other discarded solid materials including waste materials resulting from domestic, industrial, commercial, or agricultural activities, and
 - (f) "Householder" means the occupant, lessee or tenant or the person otherwise in charge of any dwelling, hotel, restaurant, apartment block, office building, public institution or other premises.
2. Rubbish in the Village of Leask shall be removed to the Village wastes disposal ground by the householder.
3. Garbage being accumulated and stored for the purpose of being collected and taken to a waste disposal ground for disposal shall be kept in covered, fly-proof and water tight containers.
4. The container shall be equipped with handles and shall not have a capacity greater than seventeen gallons by volume.
5. The container for the reception of garbage shall be securely fastened on a stand or hanger and where a plastic bag is used as a container or liner, it shall be stored in a manner that will preclude it from being torn by animals and birds.
6. Garbage shall be drained of liquid and shall be securely wrapped before it is placed in a container and such a container shall be maintained by the occupant in a serviceable and sanitary condition.
7. Refuse such as loose papers, paper boxes, straw and other packing, shall be kept in containers and securely tied in bundles placed on a stand for removal.
8. If the householder, after receiving notice from the local Board of Health to provide a proper garbage, container or stand, neglects to do so, the Council may provide such container or stand at the expense of the householder.
9. Unless otherwise approved by a bylaw passed by the Council, no person shall burn any refuse, household garbage or commercial wastes.
10. Where incineration is permitted by bylaw, residues shall be removed to a garbage receptacle not less than once a week.
11. Every vehicle used for the collection and transportation of garbage and refuse shall be suitably constructed and equipped with adequate covers to prevent loss of any part of the load en route.
12. The Council may with the approval of the Minister establish a transfer station where it deems it necessary to hold or process waste materials prior to removal to a waste disposal ground.

13. If any person fails, neglects or refuses to do anything which he is required to do by this bylaw, the Council may order the person in default to do such thing.

14. (1) A person who infringes any of the provisions of this bylaw or fails to comply therewith is guilty of an offence shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty of not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$100.00.

14. (2) The imposition of such penalty for failure to comply with any of the provisions of this bylaw shall not relieve the person in default from carrying out the work therein mentioned, but he shall be liable on summary conviction to a further penalty of not less than \$1.00 nor more than \$10.00 for each day after the first penalty is imposed until he has complied with the provisions of this bylaw.

15. Bylaw No. 1/56 of 1956 and Bylaw No. 4/79 are hereby repealed.

Mayor

Secretary Treasurer